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Model C-2002 Radio Control Console



Technical Manual

October 11, 2007

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P.N. 803548

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C-2002 DEFAULT SHIPPING CONFIGURATION:

The C-2002HS is shipped from the factory in the following state:

- 1) 4 Wire Mode
- 2) Full Duplex
- 3) TX Monitor Disabled
- 4) 600 Ohm TX output impedance
- 5) 600 Ohm RX input impedance

1 Introduction

The model C-2002 is a full-featured Two-Line, multi-format, and self-contained desktop radio control console. Its sleek and modern look will compliment any surroundings.

The C-2002 is a Digital Signal Processor (DSP) based design, allowing easy field programmability using the DTMF and soft keypads on the front of the console. Unlike other manufacturers' equipment, no additional software is required to program the C-2002 console. Modifications and enhancements can generally be made via a software change only. If the user determines they require a special feature enhancement, please contact the Vega Sales Department for cost and feasibility.

Initial Line level adjustments are made via potentiometers allowing for ease of installation. Should additional adjustments be required, they can be made in the programming mode. AGC on receive and microphone audio paths help stabilize line level adjustments.

The C-2002's modular design offers control of one base station, along with selection of 99 frequencies. The line interface offers crossmute capability and squelch control feature eliminating the unwanted noise that is generally associated when monitoring a line.

The C-2002 will accommodate a desk microphone along with a handset (or headset) as indicated on the side of the C-2002 console. In addition to the external microphone options, a built in panel microphone is available by pressing the PTT on the front of the panel. When a PTT occurs from any of the three microphones, the others will mute so as not to pick-up unnecessary ambient noise during transmission. When the handset is enabled and taken off hook the receive audio is transferred to the earpiece.

The console is normally used in conjunction with a matching Vega 223 Series (or equivalent) tone-remote panel located at the base station. The console is compatible with Motorola, MA/ComNet Ericsson/GE, and other tone-remote control systems employing the industry-standard sequential tone-control format.

The console is connected to the mating panels by means of shielded voice-grade or better leased or private lines (including microwave circuits). Metallic or DC continuity is not required.

2 Controls and Indicators

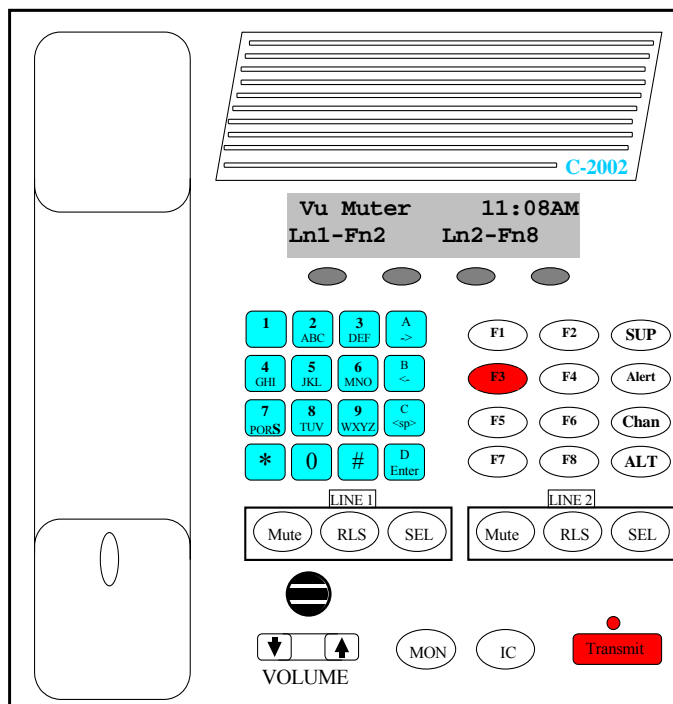


Figure 1 Front Panel Diagram

2.1 Front Panel

Figure 1 shows a view of the Front panel. The Front panel contains the user I/O. It features a Volume control, intercom and monitor functions, panel PTT with indicator, built in panel microphone, per line Select, Release and Mute functions, DTMF keypad, Supervisory, Alert, Channel and ALT functions used with the F1-F8 Function Tone selection. The C-2002 is programmed from the front panel using the four gray soft keys located below the Vacuum Florescent LCD display provides channel/numeric indication, clock and audio-level meter.

2.1.1 Common Controls and Indicators

VU Meter: Displays Selected receive and Microphone audio bus levels. This meter is shown on the top line of the display and utilizes the first 12 display elements from the upper left.

Program 1-4: Are used as “soft” programming buttons when in the tech mode. These buttons will have different functions depending on the action required. The bottom line of the display will show their respective functions.

DTMF Keypad: The DTMF keypad is used for transmitting DTMF digits, selecting frequencies for tone control in tech mode (section 6), and entering alphanumeric strings for line/function tone combinations.

Function Buttons F1-F8: When a function tone button is pressed, a guard tone and function tone burst is sent out. No hold tone is associated with the changing of the function tone. When one of the function tones is selected it will light to indicate which function tone is chosen, a function tone shall remain selected until the operator changes the setting. The console will power up with the last selected line and function tone pair selected.

Supervisory button: The SUP button allows one console operator to disable any other console, which is connected to the supervised line. The Red LED is on during supervisory and blinking when being supervised

Alert button: When pressed, a alert tone plus key-up tones will be sent to all Selected lines.

Channel button: Used to change selected line F-tone frequency via the DTMF keypad.

ALT button: Used as a Alternate or Shift function for F1-8 and Alert tones.

Line Buttons LN1-LN2: Three buttons are available for each Line, SElect, RLS (Release) and Mute.

SElect button: When the SEL buttons is pressed that line enters the Select mode

Select LED: The Red LED under each LN_x SEL Button indicates if the line is selected for transmit audio.

RLS button: The RLS button is used to release a selected line.

RLS LED: The blinking Red LED under each LN_x RLS Button indicates receive audio activity on that line.

Mute button: The Mute button is used if RX audio from that line is not to be monitored in the speaker.

Mute LED: The steady Red LED under each LN_x Mute Button indicates if the line is muted from receive audio monitoring. A blinking LED indicates a external cross-mute.

Volume Control: Adjusts the receive speaker audio and handset earpiece level of the receive inputs of the line interfaces. A minimum volume level can be set in tech-mode, so that the console operator cannot turn the speaker volume to zero. When adjusting the level up or down, the display shows the selected level on a relative scale.

Monitor: When the Monitor button is pressed a Monitor tone burst is sent out on the selected line. The Monitor tone burst consists of a guard tone and function tone of 2050Hz. An LED indication lights for the duration of the tone burst.

Intercom (IC): When the Intercom button is pressed and held down the C-2002 shall transmit audio without activating the tone generator. Intercom is considered a PTT operation with the tone generator disabled.

Panel PTT Pushbutton: When pressed, audio from the panel microphone plus key-up tones will be sent to all Selected lines.

Transmit LED: This LED lights when any PTT source is depressed keying up the console. It will also blink if a 2175 Hz tone is detected on the selected TX audio lines. This would indicate to the operator that another console is currently transmitting on one of the selected channels.

2.2 Rear Panel Connections

Figure 2 shows drawing of the rear panel of the C-2002. Each of the ports shown is discussed in detail in the following section.

2.2.1 Rear Panel Ports

Power Jack: The left most jack on the C-2002 is the Power Jack. The power supply that is included with the unit plugs in to this location. It is a standard 2.5mm center positive plug and requires at least 12V to operate correctly.

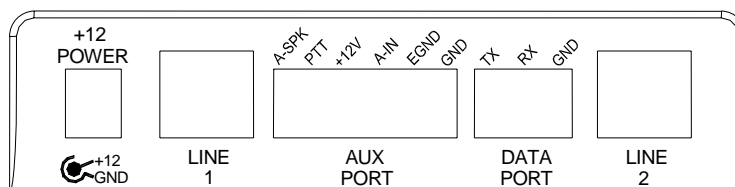


Figure 2 Rear Panel Diagram

Line Port: The C-2002 is equipped with two single line jacks. The connector is a standard eight pin RJ-45. The pinout of the connector appears in Figure 3. The numbering of the pins is shown in Figure 3 for reference. In addition to the standard RX and TX pin pairs, the unit also can be supervised and supports cross mute functions. Pins 7 and 8 of the Line connector can be used as a form C closure relay for local control. Pins 7 and 8 form the closure during any PTT operation. An internal resistor makes an external connection to ground unnecessary, and can be removed to remove ground from the closure path.

Auxiliary Audio Input: The external 6 pin terminal block provides an Audio Input (1), PTT (2), and GND (6) line. Pulling PTT to ground activates the Audio Input line for transmitting audio from an external source. This input is a high impedance capacitance coupled input.

Auxiliary Speaker: Pin 1 of the AUX Port is a capacitance coupled low impedance output that can be used to drive an external speaker amplifier. Output level is controlled by the front panel volume control.

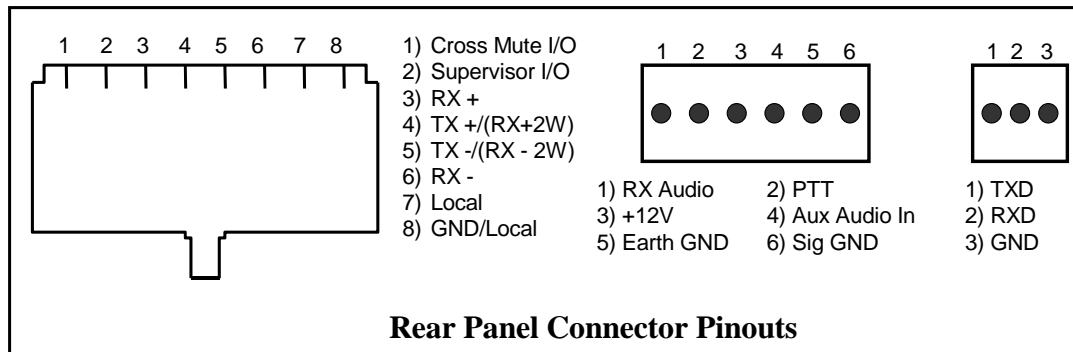


Figure 3 Rear Panel Pinout

Battery backup: The +12V power input on the AUX Port is used for battery backup and is a diode-protected input.

Earth Ground: The Earth ground connection on the AUX Port **MUST** be connected for proper operation. It provides a path for any external noise to be shunted to.

Data port: This port is a 0 to 10V asynchronous port used for cloning one C-2002 to another. The cable is not supplied but the connector is. To connect two units, RX on one console should be connected to TX of the other console. Ground is connected straight through. This is a non-standard serial port used only for the C-2002 cloning function.

3 Operation

3.1 *Selecting a line*

Selection of a line for transmit occurs when the “SEL” button is pressed and the LED under the switch lights, to transmit on both lines press the “ALT” button then the “SEL” button of the opposite line.

3.2 *Releasing a line*

To release a selected line from transmit press the “RLS” button for the selected line. If the “RLS” button LED is blinking RX audio was present on the line during the last 10 seconds or the time preset in tech-mode.

3.3 *Muting a line*

To mute a particular lines RX audio from the speaker press the “Mute” button. The mute button can be configured for both latched or timed operation. If the “Mute” button LED is blinking a parallel console is transmitting on that line and the console is being muted to reduce feedback squeal.

3.4 *Selecting a frequency (F-Tone)*

Selection of a F-tone can be accomplished in different ways, with a line selected simply press the desired F-tone (F1-F8) and the associated Line and F-tone alphanumeric will be displayed on the second line of the display, if F9-F16 are desired press the “ALT” button then the F-tone required (ALT + F3=F11).

The “Chan” button along with the DTMF keypad can also be used to change a F-tone, with a line selected simply press “Chan” + “05” to set F5 for the selected line, “Chan” + “12” to set F12.

When both lines are selected any of the above methods will change the F-tone for both lines, to change only one of the lines F-tone when in a group mode, simply hold down the desired lines “SEL” button and perform any of the above methods.

3.5 *Supervisory control*

If supervisory control of a line is required, simply press the “SUP” button and all parallel consoles will be locked out from use of this line, parallel consoles will display a blinking LED under the “SUP” button if they select a supervised line. When completed simply press the “SUP” button again to release control of the line, now all consoles will have use of the line for transmit.

3.6 *Sending Alert tones*

With a line selected, simply press the “Alert” button to generate an alert tone. If programmed in tech-mode the “ALT” + “Alert” can be used to generate a different alert tone.

3.7 *Volume Control*

Holding down the selected line button and scrolling the volume meter on the display with the UP/DOWN volume control button can adjust speaker volume.

Earpiece audio can be adjusted using the UP/DOWN volume control with the handset off-hook.

4 Line Setup and Description

4.1 INTRODUCTION/DEFAULTS

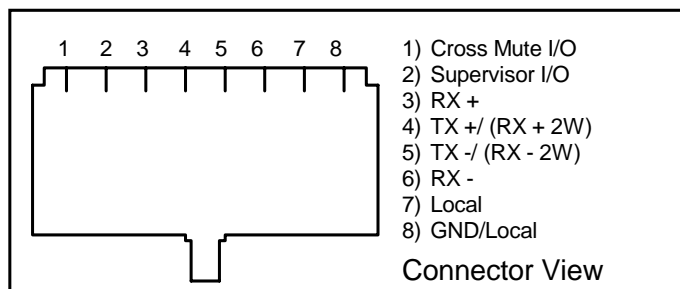


Figure 4 Line Connector Pin Out

The Line interface for the C-2002 console provides communication with any standard tone remote system. Figure 4 shows the pin out of the line interface connector, which is on the rear panel (See Figure 2 and Figure 3).

4.2 FEATURE DESCRIPTION

4.2.1 Crossmute

When a parallel console operator keys a microphone in the same room, the crossmute function mutes the receive audio path of the other parallel consoles. This prevents any unwanted audio loops that could occur, causing a loud squeal on the paralleled speakers.

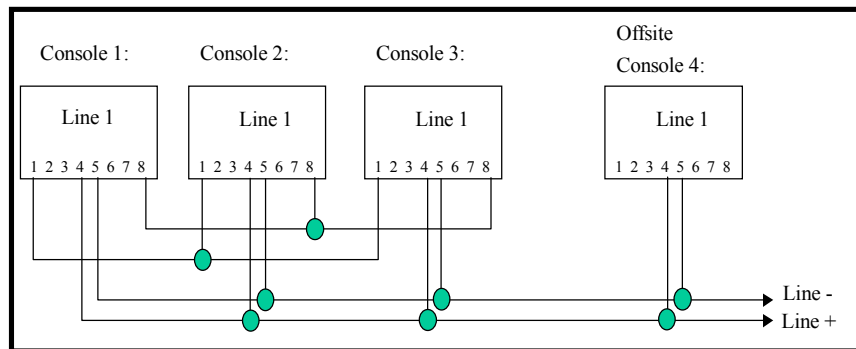


Figure 5 Crossmute Function example.

Feedback may be avoided by muting the receive audio of the other consoles which are in parallel with a transmitting console. This may be accomplished by connecting pins 1 and 8 of each of the consoles to be crossmuted as shown in Figure 5. Pin 8 must be connected to provide a common ground. Figure 5 illustrates the connections between consoles 1 through 3 that are in the same room and when one transmits, the receive audio on the other consoles will be muted. Console 4 is off-site with no possibility of feedback, therefore, it is not connected and will not be muted. **Note:** The intercom function will not work between crossmuted consoles.

4.2.2 Supervisor Function

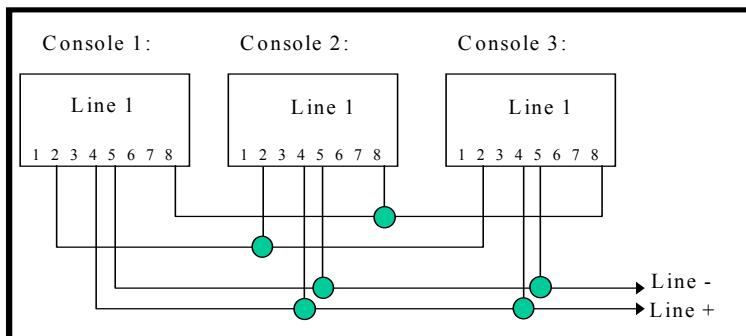


Figure 6 Supervisor Function Example.

The Supervisor Function enables a console, such as the C-2002, which has the capability to drive this line, to disable all units on a particular line. This includes both PTT and RX audio. Its connection is similar to that of the crossmute function. By wiring alone, it is possible to setup only specific consoles with this feature. Figure 6 shows the connection scheme required to utilize this function. Pin 2 of all consoles are connected together. In addition, Pin 8 is also connected together on all consoles, serving as a common ground for all consoles. Assuming that console 1 has supervisory capability, when activated, Line 1 on parallel consoles 2 and 3 would then be inhibited from both Transmit and Receive.

4.2.3 Relay Contact Closure For Local Control

The relay is normally open and provides a dry contact closure during PTT functions between pins 7 and 8 of the line jack. The relay closure can carry 500mA at 12VDC or 250mA at 115VAC. When using the intercom function the relay is not activated. If this relay closure is used for local control (or any other case where tone bursts are not used for signaling) disabling the tone generation is recommended by entering the setup mode.

4.2.4 Two-Wire/Four-Wire Mode

The C-2002 comes standard with a jumper selectable two or four-wire option. **Note: The C-2002 is shipped in the four-wire mode.** Two-wire mode is accomplished by the following jumper positions:

Two-Wire:	Line 1	Jumper	Position	Line 2	Jumper	Position
	Line 1	JP18	A	Line 2	JP22	A
Four-Wire:	Line 1	JP19	A	Line 2	JP23	A
	Line 1	JP18	B	Line 2	JP22	B
	Line 1	JP19	B	Line 2	JP23	B

The RX pair is now on pins 3 and 6 on the connector and the TX pair is on pins 4 and 5. Once the transmit and receive paths are separated the impedance of each side must be set.

4.2.5 RX Side Settings

In 4 Wire mode, the RX side is jumper selectable for a 600 ohm impedance or 10k ohm impedance. If only one console is on the line (no parallel consoles) then place J17 (Line 1) or J25 (Line 2) in the A position for a 600 Ohm line impedance. If more than one console is on one line, then place J17 (Line 1) or J25 (Line 2) on **ONE** console in the A position and all other consoles in the B position. Each console added to the system will result in line loss. The following chart gives an indication as to how much loss can be expected. The first console in the system is set for an impedance of 600 ohms out (approximately). Each console added to the system thereafter is set for an impedance of 10k ohms. As the chart indicates on the following page, the more consoles bridged on the line, the lower the line impedance and the greater the loss in audio level. **In 2 Wire mode, all consoles should have J17 (Line 1) or J25 (Line 2) in the "B" position.**

Console #	J8 Position	Impedance	Impedance	Loss (dB)
1	A	604	604	0.0
2	B	10k	569	-0.5
3	B	10k	539	-1.0
4	B	10k	511	-1.5
5	B	10k	486	-1.9
6	B	10k	464	-2.3

Level adjustment can be made to the receive audio by entering the setup mode or adjusting the RX level POT inside the C-2002.

4.2.6 TX Side Settings

The C-2002 TX output circuitry has a DPDT relay that is used to connect and disconnect the TX output transformer from the TX line based on PTT status. This allows a very large number of consoles to be attached to the line in parallel, because only the transmitting unit will be directly connected to the line. When not transmitting, the DPDT relay is connected to 600 ohms or open circuit depending on the number of console connected in parallel to the line. If only one console is attached, this unit should have J16 (Line 1) or J26 (Line 2) in the "A" position. This makes it the effective master and terminates the line with 600 ohms. If there are more than one console connected in parallel, one console should be designated as the master by placing J16 (Line 1) or J26 (Line 2) in the "A" position and the remaining consoles should be designated as a slave and should have J16 (Line 1) or J26 (Line 2) placed in the "B" position. In this manner, the impedance looking back into the parallel configuration of consoles is still 600 ohms. Figure 7 shows the basic configuration. The C-2002 could also be the master in this configuration. NOTE: If any of the consoles connected in parallel are not C-2002's, then all the C-2002's should be configured as slaves. Additionally, J2 (Line 1) or J4 (Line 2) should be used as a TX line impedance correction if there are consoles other than the C-2002 connected in parallel. J2 (Line 1) or J4 (Line 2) position "B" adds another 600ohms to the output TX line. J2 (Line 1) or J4 (Line 2) Position "A" is straight through.

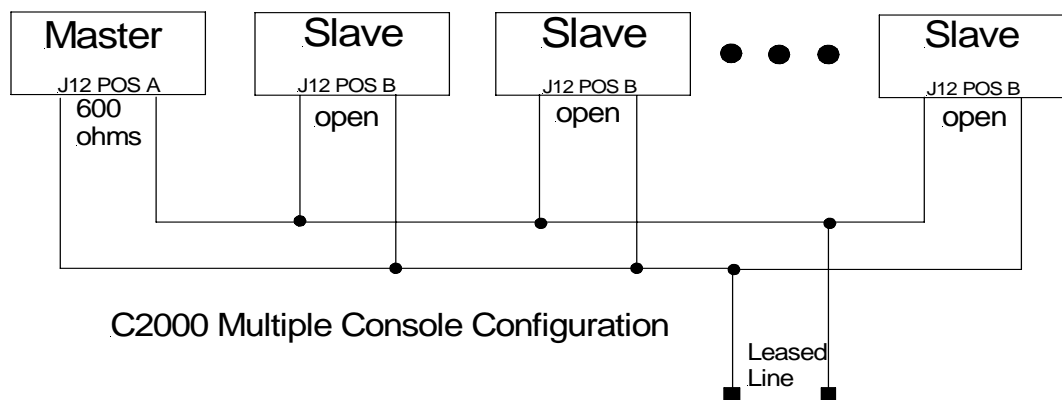


Figure 7 Master/Slave Console Configuration.

4.2.7 Transmit Monitor

In a four-wire system with parallel consoles, the transmit line may be monitored. Refer to section 4.3.2, the monitor level setup on adjusting the level. The transmit monitor is not needed in two-wire mode as the transmit audio is already on the receive circuit. The transmit monitor, in 4 wire mode, is used to detect transmit activity for the TX Detect LED.

4.3 Level Adjustments

4.3.1 Transmit Side Adjustments

The transmit audio consists of multiple audio sources – microphone audio, AUX input, function tones, and DTMF tones. Each audio sources is summed or generated in the DSP with the analog signal being generated on a single DAC. The following is a list of the potentiometers that affect the transmit path.

<u>Reference</u>	<u>Description</u>
R125	Line 1 TX Output Level Adjustment
R123	Line 1 TX Monitor Level Adjustment
R143	Line 2 TX Output Level Adjustment
R162	Line 2 TX Monitor Level Adjustment
R196	Desk Microphone Adjustment

MIC INPUT LEVEL ADJUST:

Care should be taken to avoid overdriving the input TX circuitry, as this will distort the audio. Make sure you have enabled the desired Microphone connection in setup mode. Saying and holding the word “Four” is a good audio level test vocalization. Use a strong tone of voice.

When adjusting the Desk Microphone audio input level, make sure that the Desk Microphone is at the normal distance from the operator when setting the level. Connect a oscilloscope to Test point TP13 and adjust R196 to approximately 3.5Vp-p.

TX OUTPUT LEVEL ADJUST:

The transmit level potentiometer is used to adjust the output level of the transmit audio so that it is calibrated with the tone levels that were set in setup mode. Calibration of the TX line will vary depending on system variables as well as the number of consoles found in parallel on the line. A easy way to align the console for the correct level is to press and hold the PTT key. While the console is keyed up, the unit will, by default, generate a Hold tone at -20dBm. A meter reading dbm can then be used and R125 (Line 1) or R143 (Line 2) adjusted to read the correct value.

4.3.2 Transmit Monitor Setup

The transmit monitor provides a portion of the transmit audio of a four-wire circuit to the receive path. This allows the console operator to listen to the transmissions of parallel console operators. To set this level have a parallel console operator press the intercom button. Adjust R123 (Line 1) or R162 (Line 2) until the level is comfortable in the handset/headset earpiece or the speaker. Make sure this feature is enabled or no audio will be passed. See Setup Mode.

4.3.3 RX Level Adjustment

The RX level should be adjusted so that the maximum level coming into the console use the entire range of the ADC, which is 0-4V. A test tone of +3dBm to -5dBm coming into the line interface is a good value to use. Adjust R153 (Line 1) so that the signal seen on an oscilloscope at Test point TP11 is approximately 3.5Vp-p or R161 (Line2) so that the signal seen on an oscilloscope at Test point TP12 is approximately 3.5Vp-p

5 Hardware Overview

The C-2002 is a Two-line, multi-mode console designed specifically for small to medium level system requirements. All functions are housed in a single small modern looking console.

5.1 C-2002 Console

The C-2002 consists of the following sub-assemblies enclosed in the single case: Main Processing Board, Keypad PCB and Display.

5.1.1 Main PCB

The Main PCB is mounted to the bottom of the enclosure using 4 #6 screws. It contains the DSP that handles all audio processing and user interface features. Two stereo Digital to Analog Converter (DAC) is utilized to generate audio for transmission, handset sidetone, and receive audio. Two stereo Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) on the main board digitizes audio from the line, microphones and the auxiliary interface. All audio detection, generation, and filtering are performed within the DSP. Seven potentiometers are available for I/O signal level adjustment, in addition to the software level control.

5.1.1.1 Line Interface

The Line Interface is an 8 pin RJ-45 connector, using either the standard tone control format compatible with Motorola and M/A ComNet Ericsson/GE or Local Control relay closure. The line interface may be hardware configured for either two-wire or four-wire operation and may be factory modified to accommodate non-industry standard tone control formats if desired. This is usually a software only change.

5.1.2 Keypad PCB

The Keypad board is interfaced to the main board via a 40-pin ribbon cable. The Keypad board contains the LED's, the entire key map matrix and the panel microphone. The driver circuitry for each component is located on the Main PCB.

5.1.3 Display

A Vacuum Florescent LCD display provides channel/numeric indication, clock and audio-level meter. The display is mounted to the front panel and is connected via a 14-pin IDC cable assembly.

6 Theory of Operation

The C-2002 is a Digital Signal Processor (DSP) based product. Because of this, many of the signals that once could be probed on older products, are handled within the DSP itself. This would include DTMF generators and decoders, notch filters, tone generators and decoders, and all of the audio summing. A great deal of the gain controls are included within the software of the DSP. There are four analog audio sections on the C-2002, they are:

RX Input:	Audio received on the line from an external source.
RX Output:	RX Input audio that has been sampled and processed by the DSP, then sent to a local speaker.
TX Input:	Audio from a local microphone, handset or auxiliary audio source.
TX Output:	TX Input audio that has been sampled and processed by the DSP, or internally generated Tones/DTMF that is summed with TX Input audio. The result is routed to TX line out.

The following sections discuss the portions of the C-2002 that can be tested using a common oscilloscope and voltage meter by a qualified service technician.

6.1 Microphone Input Paths

Audio can be input from four locations. These are the desk microphone jack (J24, RJ-11 modular), handset jack (J21, RJ-12 modular), panel mic (built into keypad PCB), and the auxiliary connector (J36) on the rear of the unit. For each of these inputs, a single inverting Op-Amp gain stage exists to bring the maximum expected level of the audio up to approximately 3.8Vp-p. This is the optimum level for the analog to digital converters (ADC). The trim potentiometer R196 set the audio levels from the desk microphone jack, there is no Handset microphone gain adjustment. All audio inputs, mentioned previously, share one half of the ADC (U12) with a CMOS switch (U34-B) used to route audio from the appropriate source to the actual input pin of the ADC. The auxiliary input (J36-4) is used to include an additional audio source into the transmit path. It has an integrated PTT (J36-2) input that when pulled low will select audio from this source for transmission. Audio or tone levels injected at the Auxiliary input should be on the order of 1.5 Vp-p, as the fixed gain ratio of R190/R189 = 2 and the target ADC level is approximately 3.5vp-p. There are no hardware adjustments available for the Panel microphone.

6.2 Audio Output Paths

SPEAKER AUDIO:

Speaker audio originates, as all audio output signals do, from the DSP. The digitized audio is clocked to DAC U10, pin 1. The analog audio is sourced on U10 pin 8, passes through an analog filter and inverting gain stage U14-A, before arriving at the speaker audio driver U24. The two Watt speaker driver audio is passed to the speaker connector J5. Speaker audio levels are software controlled.

TRANSMIT AUDIO LINE (ONE/TWO):

Transmit audio, still digitized, is clocked to U9 pin 1 for both transmit channels. Analog transmit audio can be seen on U9 pins (8/5). Transmit audio passes through an analog filter before reaching the output gain stage. TX output levels can be adjusted for lines (1/2) by potentiometers (R125/R143). Each Transit audio path is 600 Ohm transformer coupled (T1/T4) and engaged during PTT by a relay contact closure (K4/K6). Transmit audio can be found on connectors (J11/J27) pins 4(TX+) and 5(TX-).

HANDSET SIDETONE:

Handset sidetone is taken from U10 pin 5 and filtered. The output goes to an inverting op-amp stage and is coupled through a 0.1uF cap and 150 ohm resistor. The sidetone level can be measured at TP10.

For complete schematic details, refer to Section 10 the Specifications section.

6.3 Line Receive Paths Line (One/Two)

Receive audio input can be found on the Line input connectors (J11/J27) pins 3(RX+) and 6(RX-). The receive audio will pass through lightning protection and filtering before reaching a 10K transformer (T2/T3). The receive audio path can be loaded to 600 Ohms by placing jumper (J17/J25) in the "A" position. Following the transformer stage is a gain stage. Potentiometers (R153/R161) can be used to set receive audio levels at the ADC. This level can be measured at test points (TP11/TP12). Finally, receive audio is sampled at U13 (pin 8/pin5).

6.4 System Clock Generation

The system clock is derived from a single 32.7680MHz Crystal Oscillator (Y1). The ADSP2189 DSP (U1) processor uses this clock to generate a 65.536MHz internal instruction clock rate. The system clock is routed to the Altera EPM7032AE44 PLD (U5) and divided into the signals necessary for audio processing. These signals include the MCLK (2.048MHz), SCLK (512kHz), LRCLK (8kHz) and FS (16kHz frame sync). Another signal generated by the PLD is B0 (U5-28). This signal is used by DSP software to sync the bit frames at start up. B0 is the inverse of LRCLK. U5-31 is a clock signal that is the inverse of SCLK. The DSP serial port requires this signal, usually called the bit clock.

6.5 Non-Volatile Memory (EEPROM)

All the system configuration and parameter storage is maintained in the non-volatile memory of U3. The serial EEPROM AT24C16, has 16kbits of memory. The DSP writes and reads to the EEPROM via two of its Flag Pins.

6.6 User I/O

The Keypad and Seven Segment display are the main components to the User I/O scheme. The DSP controls the I/O with a series of register and latches (U22, U23, U26, U27, U28, U16). Chip Selects originate from the DSP, but are modified to their usable state by the PLD. The Chip selects are R-CS0,1(read) and W-CS0,1,2,3(write). They are generated by DSP signals RD, WR, IOMS and address lines A0,A1,A5.

6.7 Clone Mode Serial Port

The C-2002 can be used to copy the memory contents of one C-2002 to another. This is done with the serial data port on the back of the unit (J3). The circuitry used is a simple level conversion scheme to take the 3.3Vdc serial data stream from the DSP and convert it to a 10Vdc signal at the port. The port can only be used C-2002-to-C-2002. A standard 16C550 UART U18 is included in the DSP's memory map. The UART levels are converted to standard RS-232C by U20. The C-2002 firmware code can be updated through this port from any Windows 9x or greater PC. See the www.vega-signaling.com website for software updates.

6.8 Power Regulation and Reset Control

Input power is a 12Vdc wall mount regulator. The input connector (J35) is a center positive, 2.5mm jack. It is connected to protection circuitry consisting of a fuse and dual diodes used to protect the source if auxiliary power is connected to J36. The system DC power requirements are 3.3V and 2.5V(U8) for the DSP and 5V(U6), 10V(U7) for the analog circuitry.

7 Setup Mode

7.1 Tech Mode

The tech mode allows a technician to program the internal settings of the C-2002 console. The tech mode is entered by pressing **MUTE-F6-*** simultaneously. The technician will be required to enter a PIN number to allow entry. See the section 7.4.4.1 on setting up the PIN number. The Opening Menu is displayed when tech mode is entered. In addition to the information on the display you will visual see the MON, SEL 1-2, MUTE 1-2, F1-F8, SUP and the ALERT buttons also flash indicating you are in the tech mode of operation. These buttons also provide setup options when pressed, refer to sections 7.6 and up for additional information.

7.1.1 Erasing all settings

All of the settings in the console can be reset to factory defaults by pressing and holding both “IC” and “*” and then applying power. The screen displayed asks if the user wants to restore defaults or not.

Restore Defaults?			
YES		NO	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

PROG1 - Answer, YES and you will clear all settings to the factory defaults.

PROG3 - Answer, NO and you will enter the user mode.

7.1.2 Resetting the PIN Number

In the event the PIN number is either forgotten or not known, the test jumper J15 on the main board inside the unit can be used to enter a self test mode and reset the PIN. With the power removed from the unit, move J15 to the “B” position on the board. Power up the board. The PIN number is cleared allowing immediate entry into the tech mode. Power down the board and move the J15 back to the “A” position. Close the case and resume normal operations with the C-2002.

7.1.3 Opening Display Menu

```

|-----Level menu Screen
|
|-----Line Level Settings (Select LEDS Blink)
|
|-----RX Input Level
|
|-----LAM Programming
|
|-----LAM duration after release
|
|-----Trigger Level
|
|-----Select/Unselect Settings
|
|-----Mute Level Settings (Mute LEDS Blink)
|
|-----ON/OFF/Level
|
|-----Main Level Settings
|
|-----Microphones
|
|-----Desk microphone preamp gain
|
|-----Handset preamp gain
|
|-----Aux input preamp gain
|
|-----Speaker Levels
|
|-----Minimum SPKR Level
|
|-----TX Menu
|
|-----TX Audio Output Level
|
|-----System Settings Screen
|
|-----Menu 1
|
|-----Clock
|
|-----Dump (RS-232C clone command)
|
|-----Dump Error Screen
|
|-----Menu 2
|
|-----Tone Settings
|
|-----DTMF Settings
|
|-----DTMF Output Level
|
|-----Tone duration
|
|-----Tone Spacing
|
|-----Hang Time
|
|-----Keypad Enable/Disable
|
|-----PTT with DTMF Enable/Disable
|
|-----DTMF RX Hold
|
|-----Single Tone Settings
|
|-----Guard/Function/Hold Levels
|
|-----Guard/Hold Frequencies
|
|-----Guard/Hold duration's
|
|-----AUX IN
|
|-----Menu 3
|
|-----Tech mode PIN Number
|
|-----TX Delay setup
|
|-----Menu 4
|
|-----Unselect
|
|-----Duplex
|
|-----Menu 5
|
|-----MicAGC Enable/Disable
|
|-----Handset Connected
|
|-----Menu 6
|
|-----Parallel Console UP-Date
|
|-----Alphanumeric Decision Screen
|
|-----Line/FTone Selection screen (Blinking Line Select LED)
|
|-----Line Alphanumeric Selection screen
|
|-----Line Alphanumeric Programming Screen

```

7.1.4 Button Activated Setup Modes

```

|-----LN1-LN2 - Per Line Parameters Setup
|       |-----Line Enable/Disable
|       |-----Tone/Local Setting
|       |-----Crossmute Enable/Disable
|       |-----Squelch
|       |-----TX Monitor Enable/Disable
|       |-----AGC
|       |-----TX Enable/Disable
|       |-----Unselect Normal/Locked
|       |-----DTMF ANI Decode Enable
|-----F1-F16 - Function Tone Parameter Screen
|       |-----Function Tone Enable/Disable
|       |-----Tone Programming Screen|
|       |       |-----Frequency Programming Screen
|       |       |-----Duration Programming Screen
|-----SUP - Supervisor Function Enable/Disable
|-----MUTE - Mute Button Setup
|       |-----Timed/Momentary
|       |-----Timed Mute Duration Setup
|       |       |-----Incoming Select Call Setup
|       |       |-----Select Call Timer Setup
|       |-----DTMF Rx Setup
|-----MON - Monitor Programming Screen
|       |-----Auto/Manual Selection
|       |-----Monitor Tone Selection
|       |       |-----Monitor Frequency
|       |       |-----Monitor Duration
|       |       |-----Monitor Level

```

7.2 Opening menu

The following buttons are active during this screen:

PROG1 - Pressing this button enters the Level Menu Screen.

PROG2 - Directs the display to the System Settings Screen.

PROG3 - Directs the display to the Alpha Settings Screen.

PROG4 - Exits the Setup Mode.

LN1-LN2 - Directs the display to the Line Tone/Local Screen.

F1-F8 - Function Tone Parameter Screen.

SUP - Enables supervisor mode.

MUTE - Set mute functionality.

ALERT - Directs the display to the Alert Cadence Programming Screen.

MON - Directs the display to the Monitor Programming Screen.



7.3 Level Menu Screen

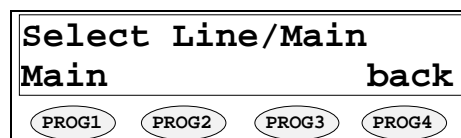
When this screen is displayed the following buttons are active:

PROG1 - Direct display to Main Level Settings Screen.

PROG4 - Go back to Opening Menu.

Pressing any Line button - Displays the Line Level Setting Screen for that selected line.

Pressing any Mute button – Displays the PER line level of mute for that selected line.



7.3.1 Menu 1 - Line Level Settings

This screen is displayed after a line has been selected from the Level Menu Screen. The selected line number is shown on the display and the select LED for that line continues to blink. In this example Line 1 has been selected.

PROG1 - Go to RX Input Level Screen.

PROG2 - Go to LAM level setup.

PROG3 - Go to Line Levels Screen.

PROG4 - Return to Level Menu Screen.

Line 1 level adjust			
RX	LAM	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.1.1 RX Input Level Screen

The RX input levels serve as a master level adjustment allowing small adjustments in gain. This is a per line adjustment. Typically these are left at 0 dB.

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of -60dB.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dBm (max of 0dB).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dBm (min of -60dB).

PROG4 - Return to Other Line Level Screen.

Ln1	Min	Rx	lvl	-60dB
-60dB	dwn	up	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4	

7.3.1.2 LAM Programming Screen

This screen shows the current settings for the Line Activity Monitor for the line number shown. The -U or -S after the channel number denotes whether the settings are for Select or Unselect Audio. Pressing PROG1 or PROG2 will modify the settings for the Select or Unselect characteristics displayed when the button is pressed.

PROG1 - go to LAM Duration After Release screen.

PROG2 - go to LAM Trigger Level Screen.

PROG3 - Toggle Select or Unselect LAM control.

PROG4 - Return to Other Line Level Screen.

LAM1-S	7sec	-10dBm		
dur	lvl	S/U	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4	

7.3.1.2.1 LAM Duration After Release screen

This parameter determines how long the LAM light will flash after the triggering signal disappears.

PROG1 - Resets duration setting to default of 7 seconds.

PROG2 - Increments the time setting by 1 second (maximum of 25sec).

PROG3 - Decrements the time setting by 1 second (minimum of 0sec).

PROG4 - Saves the current duration setting and returns to the LAM Programming Screen.

LAM1-S	Duration	7se		
7sec	dwn	up	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4	

7.3.1.2.2 LAM Trigger Level Screen

These parameters determine the audio level required to trigger the LAM function.

PROG1 - Adjusts level at which the LAM triggers.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dBm (max of 0dBm).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dBm (min of -30dBm).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the LAM Programming Screen.

LAM1-U	Level	-10dB		
-10dB	dwn	up	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4	

7.3.1.3 Mute Button Level Screen

These parameters are used to set the level of Mute on a Per line bases.

PROG1 - Sets level of mute to off (total quite).

PROG3 - Go to Edit level screen.

PROG4 - Return to Level Menu Screen.

Mute1	Level	= -10dB		
OFF		edit	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4	

7.3.1.3.1 Mute Button Level Screen

These parameters determine the level of Mute on a Per line bases.

PROG1 – Resets level setting to default of –10db.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1db (maximum of –10db).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1db (minimum of -30sec).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the Mute Programming Screen.

Mute Level = -10dB			
-10db	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2 Main Level Settings

PROG1 - Go to Microphones Screen.

PROG2 - Go to Speaker Level Screen.

PROG3 - Go to the Transmit Level Screen.

PROG4 - Return to Opening Menu.

Main level adjust			
MIC	SPKR	TX	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.1 Microphones Screen

PROG1 - Go to Desk microphone Preamp Gain Screen.

PROG2 - Go to Handset Preamp Gain Screen.

PROG3 - Go to the aux input levels screen.

PROG4 - Return to Main Level Settings screen.

Main Mic adjust			
desk	hand	aux	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.1.1 Desk microphone Preamp Gain Screen

The current setting is shown in the upper right hand corner of the screen. This setting is for the pre-amp level of the deskmic.

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of +0dB.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dB (maximum of +10dB).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dB (minimum of -10dB).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the Microphones screen.

Deskmic level			0dB
0dB	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.1.2 Handset Preamp Gain Screen

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of +0dB.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dB (max of +10dB).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dB (min of -10dB).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the Microphones screen.

Handset level			0dB
0dB	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.1.3 Aux Preamp Gain Screen

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of +0dB.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dB (max of +10dB).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dB (min of -10dB).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the Microphones screen .

Aux-in level:			0dB
0dB	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.2 Speaker Level Setting

This setting is used to set the minimum volume level that an operator will be allowed to turn the speaker to.

PROG1 - Go to Microphones Screen.

PROG2 - Go to Speaker Level Screen.

PROG3 - Go to the Transmit Level Screen.

PROG4 - Return to Opening Menu .

Main level adjust			
MIC	SPKR	TX	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.3.2.2.1 Minimum Speaker Level

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of -60dB.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dB (maximum of 0dB).

Min Spkr level			-60dB
-60dB	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dB (minimum of -60dB).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the SPKR menu.

7.3.2.3 Output Level Screens

Entering the TX output level screen allows for setting output levels.

7.3.2.3.1 TX Output Level

The TX output level is adjusted as shown on the display. This is an overall output gain control for the line. It can be used to make small adjustments to the line level performance. The typical value is 0 dB.

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of 0dBm.

PROG2 - Increments the level setting by 1 dBm (max of +10dBm).

PROG3 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dBm (min of -10dBm).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the Line Level Setting screen.

TX Level		0dB	
0dBm	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4 System Settings Screen

This menu is entered by selecting PROG2 from the PROGRAMMING MODE menu. Once in this mode there are 5 different menus that can be entered. Each is brought up sequentially by pressing the PROG3 button labeled next on the display.

PROG1 - Clock Set Routines.

PROG2 - Dump setup memory to another console.

PROG3 - Next Menu.

PROG4 - Return to Opening Menu.

System Settings			
Clk	Dump	next	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.1 Clock Settings Screen

The top line of the Clock Settings Screen holds the current time and whether the clock is set for 12 or 24 hour display. **Note: The clock can also be accessed by pressing MUTE-F6-C on the keypad. This goes directly to the clock setup screen shown at the right. This bypasses the PIN number entry (if enabled) and allows a user who would normally have no access to the setup mode to access and update the clock.**

PROG1 - Allows editing the minutes and hours.

PROG2 - Selects between AM and PM.

PROG3 - Selects between 12 and 24 hr time.

PROG4 - Saves the current settings and returns to the Opening Menu.

Clock	11:19AM	12hr
Edit	A/P	12/24 back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3
PROG4		

7.4.1.1 Clock Edit Screen

PROG1 - Go to Hours Settings Screen.

PROG3 - Go to Minutes Settings Screen.

PROG4 - Return to System Settings Screen.

Clock	11:19AM	12hr
Hours	Mins	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3
PROG4		

7.4.1.1.1 Clock Hours Screen

PROG1 - Set Hours to 12.

PROG2 - Decrease Hours by 1.

PROG3 - Increase Hours by 1.

PROG4 - Return to Clock Settings Screen.

Hours = 11			
12	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.1.1.2 Clock Minutes Screen

PROG1 - Set Minutes to 0.

PROG2 - Decrease Minutes by 1.

PROG3 - Increase Minutes by 1.

PROG4 - Return to Clock Settings Screen.

Mins = 19			
0	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.2 Dump Function

When the dump button on the System Settings Screen is pressed the console assumes the role of the master of the serial bus. A DB9 male-to-male null modem cable (3 pin RS-232 cable) should be used to connect the two consoles. Cross pins 2 and 3 on the cable and connect pin 5 straight through. The master attempts to establish communication with a slave console and begin downloading the contents of the EEPROM resident on the master console. Upon successful connection to a slave console, the status line will appear on the screen. When the download is complete, the Master screen returns to the System Settings Screen. If the proper acknowledgments are not received the transmission stops and the Dump Error Screen is displayed.

Working...

- Please Wait -

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

7.4.2.1 Dump Error Screen

This screen is displayed because an attempt to perform a memory dump was ended unsuccessfully for some reason. This stays up until the memory dump is aborted by pressing the “back” button or is attempted again by pressing the “Dump” button. When the dump is attempted again the display returns to the Dump Screen.

PROG3 - Attempt memory dump again.

PROG4 - Return to System Settings Screen.

7.4.3 Menu 2 System Setup Screen

Pressing PROG3 from the system menu yields the following menu.

PROG1 - Enters the Tone Settings Screen.

PROG2 - Enters the AUX In Settings Screen.

PROG3 - Next Menu.

PROG4 - Returns to the System Setup Menu.

Target Not Found

Dump back

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

System Settings

Tone Auxin next back

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

7.4.3.1 Tone Settings Screen

PROG1 - Go to DTMF Settings Screen.

PROG2 - Go to Single Tone Settings Screen.

PROG4 - Return to System Settings Screen.

Main tone adjust

DTMF Tone back

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

7.4.3.1.1 DTMF Settings

The following screens are used to program the DTMF characteristics (levels and timing)

7.4.3.1.1.1 First DTMF Settings Screen

DTMF programmed characteristics are displayed on the top line in two separate screens. The programmed level is first and the hold timer is second.

PROG1 - Go to DTMF Output Level Screen.

PROG2 - Go to DTMF Hang Time Screen.

PROG3 - Go to DTMF Spacing Screen.

PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF 0dB/500

Lvl Hold next back

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.1.1 DTMF Output Level

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of 0dB.

PROG2 - Decrements the level setting by 1 dB (minimum of -20dB).

PROG3 - Increments the level setting by 1 dB (maximum of +5dB).

PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the DTMF Settings screen.

DTMF Level = 0dB

0dB dwn up back

PROG1

PROG2

PROG3

PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.1.2 DTMF Hold Timer

The Hold timer is used to instruct the console in how long to wait for an additional DTMF digit to be pressed before releasing the guard tone. This prevents the console from keying up and down each time a digit is pressed.

PROG1 - Resets level setting to default of 500 ms.
 PROG2 - Decrements the level setting by 10 ms.
 PROG3 - Increments the level setting by 10 ms.
 PROG4 - Saves the current level setting and returns to the DTMF Settings screen.

DTMF Hold = 500msec			
500ms	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.2 Next DTMF digit Settings Screen

The 100/100 stands for 100ms DTMF tone and 100ms spacing before the next DTMF tone is transmitted. These settings are used primarily when the console is sending a pre-programmed string of digits.

PROG1 - Go to DTMF On time digit setting screen.
 PROG2 - Go to DTMF Inter digit setting screen.
 PROG3 - Go to DTMF second screen.
 PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF 100/100			
On	Off	next	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.2.1 DTMF Tone Duration

This parameter determines how many milliseconds the DTMF tone of a pre-stored digit will last. The first number in the 100/100 represents the number of "on" milliseconds.

PROG1 - Resets duration setting to default of 100ms.
 PROG2 - Decrements the duration setting by 10ms (min of 10ms).
 PROG3 - Increments the duration setting by 10ms (max of 500ms).
 PROG4 - Saves the duration and returns to the DTMF Settings screen.

DTMF Dur = 100 msec			
100ms	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.2.2 DTMF Tone Spacing

This parameter determines how many milliseconds after the last DTMF tone is finished before the next DTMF tone of a prestored string will start. The second number in the 100/100 represents the number of spacing milliseconds.

PROG1 - Resets duration setting to default of 100ms.
 PROG2 - Decrements the duration setting by 10ms (min of 10ms).
 PROG3 - Increments the duration setting by 10ms (max of 500ms).
 PROG4 - Saves the current duration setting and returns to the DTMF Settings screen.

DTMF Space= 100 msec			
100ms	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.3 DTMF Keypad Enable/Disable

This screen allows the DTMF keypad to be disabled completely during operation of the unit. This would only be set to DISABLE for systems that have no requirement for DTMF operation.

PROG1 - Toggle DTMF Enabled or Disabled.
 PROG3 - Go to the fourth DTMF screen.
 PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF Keypad: ENABLE			
Tgl	next	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.4 Enable/Disable PTT tones with DTMF

This setting governs whether PTT functions are generated when the DTMF keypad is used without the IC or PTT key. If this option is set to "Send PTT Tones" the unit will check the line(s) that are selected and see if they are set to be tone or local relay control. When the DTMF digit is pressed, depending on the selected lines configuration a PTT tone burst or local relay closure will occur before the DTMF digit starts transmission. If this option is set to "No PTT Tones", no PTT function will be sent and the DTMF audio will be placed onto the selected lines.

PROG1 - Toggle DTMF PTT function on or off.
 PROG3 - Go to the fifth DTMF screen.
 PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF: Send PTT Tones			
Tgl	next	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.1.5 Select Call Timer Duration Setup

The Unselect duration for incoming select call (see also: Incoming Select Call DTMF String Setup) is set in this screen. The default value is 7 seconds. This is the period of time for which the line will be unselected when the

DTMF string is received. After this period of time, the line is no longer unselected, but will blink until the console operator performs a PTT operation on the line. The value for this duration is setup using the Prog1. The edit screen allows the value to be increased and decreased in increments of one second.

- PROG1 – Enter the Edit Screen.
- PROG3 - Go to the first DTMF screen.
- PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF RX Hold: 7 sec			
Edit	next back		
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.2 Single Tone Settings

- PROG1 - Go to Guard/Function/Hold Level Settings.
- PROG2 - Go to Guard/Hold Frequencies.
- PROG3 - Go to Guard/Hold Duration's.
- PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

Tone Settings			
Lvl	Freq	Dur	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.2.1 Guard/Function/Hold Level Settings

The top line of this screen has a three number list representing the level of each tone components of a tone burst. In the default example, +10/0/-20, +10 is the guard tone level, 0 is the function tone level, and -20 is the hold tone level.

On this screen the technician is able to use the PROG buttons to select which tone level to modify. If PROG1 is pressed, for example, the display cursor shall jump to the Guard tone setting (in this case, the “+10” text. The technician shall enter a new setting by way of the DTMF keypad. Magnitude limits apply. The acceptable range for the tone levels is -30dB to +10dB in 1 dB increments.

- PROG1 - Adjust Guard tone level.
- PROG2 - Adjust Function tone level.
- PROG3 - Adjust Hold tone level.
- PROG4 - Return to Single Tone Settings Screen.
- DTMF keypad (numbers only) - modify the settings.

Level 10/0/-20			
Guard	FTn	Hold	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.2.2 Guard/Hold Frequencies

The top line of this screen shows the frequency of the Guard and Hold tone components of a tone burst. In the default example, 2175 is the guard and hold tone frequency.

On this screen the technician is able to use the PROG buttons to select which tone frequency will be used for the Guard and Hold tones of the burst. If PROG2 is pressed, for example, the display cursor shall toggle through frequencies (in this case, the first "2175" text.) Eight selectable frequencies are available for the Guard and Hold (2155, 2175, 2300, 2325, 2500, 2600, 2800 and 2970Hz). The notch filter is automatically changed to match the Hold tone.

PROG2 – Toggles to previous tone frequency.

PROG3 – Toggles to next tone frequency.

PROG4 – Return to Tone Settings Screen .

Grd&Hld Freq= 2175Hz			
Prev		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.2.3 Guard/Hold Duration's

The top line of this screen has two numbers representing the duration of each of the tone components of a tone burst. In the default example, 130/200, 130 is the length in milliseconds that the guard tone is transmitted. 200 is the number of milliseconds that the console shall remain in the PTT condition after the PTT signal has been removed. This provides a debounce function for the tone burst.

On this screen the technician is able to use the PROG buttons to select which tone duration to modify. If PROG1 is pressed, for example, the display cursor shall jump to the Guard tone setting. The technician can then enter a new setting by way of the DTMF keypad. Magnitude limits apply. The acceptable range for the tones is 40 to 500 milliseconds in 10ms increments.

PROG1 - Adjust Guard tone duration.

PROG3 - Adjust Hold tone duration.

PROG4 - return to the Single Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF keypad (numbers only) - modify the settings.

Duration 130/200			
Guard		Hold back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.3.1.3 Test Tone Screen

This screen allows the technician to control the tone generators on the console to facilitate testing. Pressing the PROG1 or PROG2 button activates the associated alert tones. This tone is transmitted out the line immediately upon the key being pressed and will stop if the button is pressed again or change to the other alert tone by pressing the other button. This procedure is different from the normal tone function as there is no tone burst or hold tone associated with the alert tone. Altering the programming of the Alert key can program the actual alert tones.

PROG1 - Pressed on/off alert tone 1.

PROG2 - Pressed on/off alert tone 2.

PROG4 - return to the Test Tone Screen.

Alert Test			
1		2 back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.5.2 AUX Input Enable

The AUX Input is used to route AUX Audio IN to the selected line when AUX PTT is pulled low, otherwise AUX PTT is a footswitch input and MIC audio is routed.

PROG1 - Toggle AUX IN Mode Enabled/Disabled.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 4.

AUX Input:		Enabled	
Tgl		back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.4 Menu 3 System Setup Screen

PROG1 - setup the console PIN number.

PROG2 - setup the Tx delay time.

PROG3 - Next Menu.

PROG4 - Returns to the System Setup Menu.

7.4.4.1 PIN Number Entry

Entering a PIN number, will cause the C-2002, when entering tech mode, to prompt for the PIN number. If the correct PIN number is entered tech mode is entered. If it is not, operating mode is resumed. This will keep unauthorized modifications from occurring.

PROG1 - Begin accepting new PIN.

PROG2 - Clear existing PIN such that none is required.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 3.

Pressing New will change the screen to prompt for a PIN number to be entered. Only the Buttons 0-9 and A-D are valid for this operation. The PIN is a 4 digit code. '*' will be echoed for each keystroke. Entry ends immediately upon the entry of the fourth digit. Once the PIN has been entered the first time, the system will prompt for it to be re-entered to verify proper entry. If the first and second PIN entries match, the user will be returned to the PIN Setup screen. If the entries do not match an error will be put on the screen and the PIN number will be cleared.

System Settings			
PIN	Txdel	next	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

PIN Setup [----]			
New	Clear	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

New PIN:**			
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

Enter PIN:***			
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

-- Invalid PIN --			
OK			
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.4.2 TX Delay Setup

The C-2002 has the ability to delay transmit audio by up to 1 second. This allows an operator to begin speaking as soon as the microphone is keyed up. The radio system will have certain delays built in that under normal circumstances would not allow speech to be transmitted for a short period of time. By turning on this delay, this limitation is overcome.

PROG1 - Set the delay to 0 seconds (off).

PROG2 - Decrease the delay by 0.1 seconds.

PROG3 - Increase the delay by 0.1 seconds.

PROG4 - Returns to Menu 4 and saves the current delay.

TX Delay: 300msec			
0s	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.5 Menu 4 System Setup Screen

PROG1 - setup the Unselect function.

PROG2 - setup the Duplex function.

PROG3 - Next Menu (Menu 1).

PROG4 - Returns to the System Setup Menu.

7.4.5.1 Unselect Audio Mute

This option is used to Mute all Unselect audio during a PTT operation.

PROG1 - Changes the option between Enabled and Disabled.

PROG3 - Moves to the first menu for Unselect audio setup.

PROG4 - Return to top level menus.

System Settings			
Unsel	Duplx	nxt	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

Unsel Mute w/PTT:OFF			
Tgl	back		
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.4.5.2 Duplex Enable

The Duplex mode allows the console operator to hear receive audio while transmitting.

PROG1 - Toggle Duplex Mode Enabled/Disabled.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 4.

Duplex: Enabled	
Tgl	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.4.6 Menu 5 System Setup Screen

PROG1 - setup the MicAGC Function.

PROG3 - Next Menu (Menu 1).

PROG4 - Returns to the System Setup Menu.

System Settings	
MicAGC Hand	nxt back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.4.6.1 MicAGC Function

This enables and disables Automatic Gain Control on the Mic Input.

PROG1 - Toggle the MicAGC function on and off.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 5.

MIC AGC: OFF	
Tgl	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.4.6.2 Handset installed

If a handset or headset is to be used with the unit, it must be programmed as such in this location. It is required for RX audio routing.

PROG1 - Toggle the Handset Yes/No.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 5.

Handset Port:DISABLE	
Tgl	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.4.7 Menu 6 System Setup Screen

PROG1 - setup the Parallel Console UP-Date Function.

PROG3 - Next Menu (Menu 1).

PROG4 - Returns to the System Setup Menu.

System Settings	
CUpdate	next back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.4.7.1 Parallel Console UP-Date Function

This enables and disables Parallel Console UP-Date Function.

PROG1 - Toggle the function on and off.

PROG4 - Return to Menu 6.

Console Update: OFF	
Tgl	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.5 Alphanumeric Function-Line Setup

This screen asks for the operator to choose a Line/Function tone combination or a Group to have an alphanumeric assignment or group alphanumeric assignment. While this screen is displayed, the keyboard blinks LN1-LN2, F1-F8, and ALT to remind the operator what buttons are used in this mode for programming.

PROG4 - Return to the Opening Menu.

Line button - Go to Line/FTone Selection Screen.

Function tone button - Go to Line/FTone Selection Screen.

ALT button - Go to alternate F-tone selection.

Select Line+FT/Group	
	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

7.5.1 Line/F-Tone Selection Screen

This screen displays the line or function tone number selected from the Alphanumeric Decision Screen. It waits for the other piece of information (line or function tone number) and then proceeds to the Line Alphanumeric Selection Screen. If the function tone has been selected first, as in the example on the right, the screen waits for the line number to be selected. If the technician selects another function tone number before selecting a line number the screen shall update to accommodate the new function tone number. The same procedure is used if the line number is the first to be selected (left example).

L1 F?	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

L? F1	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

PROG4 - Return to the Alphanumeric Decision Screen.

Line button - selects the line number to be programmed with alphanumeric.

Function tone button - selects the function tone number to be programmed.

7.5.1.1 Line Alphanumeric Selection Screen

Once both the line and function tone have been selected the following screen is displayed. The top line displays the line and function tone number as well as the 8 digit alphanumeric that is displayed whenever the line/function tone number combination is brought up in the operational mode. The example figure below shows the current alphanumeric. Once at this screen the technician is able to enter alphanumeric via the DTMF pad.

L1 F1	Rampart
edit	back
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

PROG2 - Enters the string editing mode.

PROG4 - Returns to the Alphanumeric Decision Screen.

7.5.1.1.1 Line Alphanumeric Programming Screen

Entering the edit mode yields the screen below.

L1 F1	Rampart
Clear	ESC
PROG1	PROG2
PROG3	PROG4

PROG1 - Clears the current string.

PROG4 - Exits the string and returns to the edit screen.

When a button that is part of the DTMF keypad is pressed the characters on that button are placed in the location of the blinking cursor. The technician can cycle through the available characters of each button by pressing the button repeatedly. For example, pressing “1” on the DTMF keypad will place a “1” in the location of the cursor, pressing “1” again displays “A”, and pressing “1” a third time displays a “B”.

The fourth column of DTMF keypad buttons provides the following commands:

The “A” button acts as a “forward” button

The “B” button acts as a “backspace” button

The “C” button acts as a “space bar” button

The “D” button acts as the “Enter” button

7.6 Line Tone/Local Screen

The Line setup menus allows for the parameters unique to each line to be setup on a per line basis. Parameters that can be adjusted by pressing the LN1-LN2 keys from the top level menu include: Enable/Disabling of the line, Tone or Local control, Cross Mute, Squelch, TX Monitor, AGC, TX Enabled, and Unselect Audio Forced. The LN1-LN2 keys are active at all times in the menu; for example, to disable AGC on all lines, AGC could be selected on LN1, setup, then LN2 could immediately be pressed from within the AGC menu, eliminating going back and then back through the menus for each line.

7.6.1 Enable/Disable the Line

Disabling a line sets the line so that a user cannot select its audio. It would generally be desired to set a line to be disabled if a physical line is not connected to the console. If the line is disabled from this menu, then the console ignores the line select key.

PROG1 - Toggles the line from Enabled to Disabled.

PROG3 - Moves to the next menu.

PROG4 - returns to the Opening Menu Screen.

Line 2: Enabled	
Tgl	next back
PROG1	PROG2 PROG3 PROG4

7.6.2 Tone or Local Control

This screen allows the technician to determine if a line is tone control or local control. If a line is tone control then a tone burst is transmitted before voice is allowed to drive the line and a hold tone is sent out with the voice to provide a positive key for the remote adapter. If a line is a local control line then the tone generator is not activated and voice drives the line when the PTT button is pressed. The line number of the selected line appears in the top line of the display. The example shows that line 2 has been selected. The text at the right side of the top line shows which mode the line is programmed with.

PROG1 - Toggles the line from Tone to Local.

PROG3 - Moves to the next menu.

PROG4 - returns to the Opening Menu Screen.

Line 2: Tone	
Tgl	next back
PROG1	PROG2 PROG3 PROG4

7.6.3 Crossmute Setup

The crossmute function allows consoles located within the same room to mute the other consoles RX audio while transmitting to prevent feedback. See Section 5 on how to connect this feature on the line cards. This feature can be turned on and off on a per line basis. Disabling crossmute does not disable the input. If the crossmute pin is connected, and the line is pulled low, the console will mute the line. The crossmute enable/disable function only controls the ability of the console to output crossmute. Note: Intercom will not work on lines with crossmute enabled.

PROG1 - Toggle the Cross Mute function ON and OFF.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - returns to the opening Menu Screen.

Line 2: CrMute ON	
Tgl	next back
PROG1	PROG2 PROG3 PROG4

7.6.4 Squelch Setup

The Squelch function can be turned on a per line basis. It is tied to the level setup by the LAM function. If the LAM LED is blinking, squelch will not be active. If the audio present on the line is below that required to generate a LAM indication and squelch is enabled, no audio will be heard.

PROG1 - Toggle the Squelch function ON and OFF.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - returns to the opening Menu Screen.

Line 2: Squelch ON	
Tgl	next back
PROG1	PROG2 PROG3 PROG4

7.6.5 TX Monitor Enable/Disable

The TX monitor allows the operator to listen to what is currently being transmitted. In a 4 wire mode, this allows one console operator to monitor what is being said by another console operator. The other operator could be in the same room or a greater distance away.

Line 1: Txmon ON	
Tgl	next back
PROG1	PROG2 PROG3 PROG4

PROG1 - Toggles TXmon on and off.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Saves the setting and returns to the Line Level screen.

7.6.6 Automatic Gain Control (AGC) Enable/Disable

The Line Automatic Gain Control helps to equalize receive audio for all incoming levels.

PROG1 - Toggles AGC on and off.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Saves the setting and returns to the Line Level screen.

Line 1: AGC ON			
Tgl		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.6.7 TX Enable/Disable per Line

TX can be enabled and disabled on a per line basis. This allows some lines to be setup that can be used for monitoring purposes only, but cannot be selected for transmission.

PROG1 - Toggles TX between Enabled and Disabled.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Saves the setting and returns to the Line Level screen.

Line 1: TX Enabled			
Tgl		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.6.8 Forced Unselect of a Line

This option is used to lock a channel into a monitor mode. Once locked, the console operator can select the channel for transmission but mute will be disabled.mute the line.

PROG1 - Toggles Unselect between Normal and Locked.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Saves the setting and returns to the Line Level screen

Line 1: Unsel Locked			
Tgl		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.6.9 DTMF ANI Decode Enable

This option is used to enable DTMF ANI Decode. This function is used in conjunction with the DSP223 tone adapter and the Kenwood TK-x150 mobile radio. The Fleetsync ANI is sent down the line to the C-2002 in DTMF format. The DTMF ANI is decoded and displayed. For more information, refer to the DSP-223 Technical Manual, Telex Communications Part Number 803274 Rev D or higher. Also, refer to application note "DSP-223 Tone Remote Panel to Kenwood Series TK-x150/x180 Adaptor Kit" (PN 804136). Both items can be found on the Vega website and the Vega Literature CD.

PROG1 - Toggles DTMF ANI Decode.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Saves the setting and returns to the Line Level screen

Line 1: Unsel Locked			
Tgl		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.7 Mute Button

The mute button has two separate modes of operation. One is the Latched mode where monitored audio is muted until its toggled again. The second mode is the timed mute function in which the monitored audio is muted for a preset amount of time. Note: Mute button programming is per line and that the mute button can be pressed a second time during a timed mute to end the mute function prematurely.

7.7.1 Per line Mute button Setup

PROG1 - Sets the Mute function to Timed or Latch mode.

PROG2 - Allows the duration of the mute function to be changed.

PROG3 - Move to the next menu.

PROG4 - Return to top level menu.

MUTE2 = 1 seconds			
Latch edit		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

MUTE1 = Latched			
Timed		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.7.2 Incoming Select Call DTMF String Setup

The C-2002 has the capability of recognizing 3 different incoming DTMF strings on any line, monitored or not. When this programmable string is decoded, the unit will Un-mute the line for a programmable period of time (see Select Call Timer Duration Setup) to allow the remote user the opportunity to make a short transmission which the console operator can monitor. After the programmable period of unselect time has expired, the Unselect LED (Red led) for the line on which the DTMF string was decoded begins to flash and continues to flash until a PTT operation is completed on that line. This blinking light serves as a reminder to the console operator that a call was received and needs a response. Editing the incoming DTMF sequence is completed from the screen shown. The digits are entered with the DTMF keypad and the programmable keys; use the "D" key as save/enter function.

PROG1 – Enter the Edit Screen.

PROG2 – Selects DTMF decode screen.

PROG3 - Go to the sixth DTMF screen.

PROG4 - Return to Tone Settings Screen.

DTMF RX1: 1234			
Edit	Num	next	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.8 Function Tone Parameter Screen

7.8.1 Function Tone Enabled/Disable

Pressing F1-F8 from the main setup screen enters the function tone parameter screen. The examples below appear if F8 is pressed.

PROG1 - Toggle between the Enabled and Disabled.

PROG2 - Go to the Frequency programming screen.

PROG3 - Go to the Dual Frequency programming screen.

PROG4 - return to Opening Menu Screen.

F8	Enabled		
Tgl	Tone	next	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.8.2 Function Tone Setup

The top line of the display shows selected function number, the next item is the actual frequency of the function tone, followed by the duration of the tone in milliseconds.

PROG2 - Allows editing of the Frequency of the Function Tone.

PROG3 - Allows editing of the Duration of the Function Tone.

PROG4 - Returns to the previous menu.

F8:	F=1250	D=40
	Freq	Dur back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3
	PROG4	

7.8.3 Frequency Programming Screen

The frequency programming screen will allow the user to change the value of the displayed function tone

PROG1 - Sets the value back to the default of 1950 Hz.

PROG2 - Decreases the frequency by 1 Hz.

PROG3 - Increases the frequency by 1 Hz.

PROG4 - returns to the function tone setup menu.

F8	Freq = 1950		
1950	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.8.4 Duration Display Screen

The Duration Display Screen shows the duration of the select function tone and displays it on the top line of the display for editing.

PROG1 - Sets the value back to the default of 40ms.

PROG2 - Decreases the frequency by 1 ms.

PROG3 - Increases the frequency by 1 ms.

PROG4 - returns to the function tone setup menu.

F8	Dur = 40		
40	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.8.5 Dual Function Tone mode Screen

The Dual Function Tone screen is used when operating the C-2002 console with a DSP223 in the 99 Frequency decode mode.

PROG1 – Toggles between Enable/Disabled.

PROG3 – Returns to Function tone screen.

PROG4 - Returns to the Opening menu screen.

Dual Tone: DISABLED			
Tgl		next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.9 Supervisor Enable

The supervisor function works in a manner similar to crossmute. It allows a single console to take control of all selected lines by disabling transmit on all other attached consoles. See section 4.2.2 for information on the wiring required to support this function. This function should only be enabled on consoles on which a supervisory function is appropriate.

PROG2 - Disables Supervisory Capability.

PROG3 - Enables Supervisory Capability.

PROG4 - Return to top level menus.

Super: Enabled			
		prev next back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.10 Alert Programming

The following appears if the ALERT button is pressed while the Opening Menu Screen is showing. This screen allows the technician to change the cadence of the alert tones. PROG1 selects between the two alert options. Alert 1 dictates which tone cadence will go out with the ALERT button. Alert 2 dictates which cadence will go out when the ALT button plus ALRT button is configured as a second alert tone. The PROG2 button scrolls through the available cadences

PROG1 - Selects between Alert 1 and Alert 2.

PROG2 – Selects Hi-Lo Warble or Steady Tone.

PROG3 - Allows editing of the level and frequency for the constant alert tone.

PROG4 - return to the Opening Menu Screen.

Cadence 1 is a steady programmable frequency.

Cadence 2 is a Hi-Lo Warble sound.

Alert 1:1000Hz			
Al/2		Cad edit back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

Alert 1:1000Hz			
Level Freq		back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.10.1 Cadence Level Selection

PROG1 - resets the level to the default of 0dBm.

PROG2 - decrements the level by 1 dBm.

PROG3 - increments the level by 1 dBm.

PROG4 - return to the Alert setup menu.

Cad Lvl = 0dB			
0dB		dwn up back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.10.2 Cadence Frequency Selection

PROG1 - resets the frequency to the default value of 1000Hz.

PROG2 - decrements the frequency by 1Hz (min freq of 0Hz).

PROG3 - increments the frequency by 1Hz (max freq of 3500Hz).

PROG4 - return to Alert Tone setup screen.

DTMF keypad - may be used to program the frequency.

Cad Freq = 2050			
1000H		dwn up back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.11 Monitor Programming Screen

The Monitor Programming Screen is displayed when the MON button is pressed while the display is on the Opening Menu screen.

This screen allows the tone characteristics and whether a monitor tone burst shall automatically go out at the beginning of every offhook condition to be configured. "Auto" is the default and means that a monitor tone burst will go out every time the handset is taken off-hook. "Manual" means that a monitor tone burst will not go out with every off-hook signal.

PROG1 - Go to Monitor Tone Characteristic Selection.

PROG2 - Selects between Auto and Manual mode.

PROG4 - Return to Opening Menu Screen.

Monitor		Auto	
Tone	A/M	back	
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.11.1 Monitor Characteristic Selection

PROG1 - go to Monitor Frequency Screen.

PROG2 - go to Monitor Duration Screen.

PROG3 - go to Monitor Level Screen.

PROG4 - Return to Monitor Programming Screen.

Mon	2050/040/0		
Freq	Dur	Lvl	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.11.1.1 Monitor Frequency

The Monitor burst normally consists of a 130ms guard tone and is followed by a 40ms monitor tone. In this screen the frequency of the monitor function tone is set. The programmed frequency is displayed as the first of three numbers. The default value is 2050Hz. The Up and Down buttons may be used to increment or decrement the frequency in 1Hz increments. The DTMF keypad may also be used.

PROG1 - resets the frequency to the default value of 2050Hz.

PROG2 - decrements the frequency by 1Hz (min freq of 0Hz).

PROG3 - increments the frequency by 1Hz (max freq of 3500Hz).

PROG4 - return to Monitor Characteristic Screen.

DTMF keypad - may be used to program the frequency.

Mon Freq = 2050			
2050H	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.11.1.2 Monitor Duration

The Monitor burst normally consists of a 130ms guard tone and is followed by a 40ms monitor tone. In this screen the duration of the monitor function tone is set. The programmed duration is displayed in milliseconds as the second of three numbers. The default value is 40ms. The Up and Down buttons may be used to increment or decrement the duration in 10ms increments.

PROG1 - resets the duration to the default value of 40ms.

PROG2 - decrements the duration by 10ms (minimum of 40ms).

PROG3 - increments the duration by 10ms (maximum of 500ms).

PROG4 - return to Monitor Characteristic Screen.

Mon Dur = 40ms			
40ms	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

7.11.1.3 Monitor Level

The Monitor burst normally consists of a 130ms guard tone at +10dB and is followed by a 40ms monitor tone at 0dB. In this screen the level of the monitor function tone is set. The programmed level is displayed in dB as the third of three numbers. The default value is 0dB. The Up and Down buttons may be used to increment or decrement the level in 1dB increments. The displayed level shall change to reflect the new programming.

PROG1 - resets the level to the default value of 0dB.

PROG2 - decrements the duration by 1dB (minimum of -20dB).

PROG3 - increments the duration by 1dB (maximum of 10dB).

PROG4 - return to Monitor Characteristic Screen.

Mon Lvl = 0dB			
0dB	dwn	up	back
PROG1	PROG2	PROG3	PROG4

Section	Parameter	Default	Programmed
7.4.4.1	PIN Number		
4.2.4	Line 1 2 or 4 Wire mode	4 wire	
4.2.5	Line 1 RX Impedance	600 ohms	
4.2.6	Line 1 TX Impedance	600 ohms	
4.3.3	Line 1 RX Input Level	0dbm	
7.3.1.2.1	Line 1 LAM-S Release	7 seconds	
7.3.1.2.2	Line 1 LAM-S Trigger Level	-10dbm	
7.3.1.2.1	Line 1 LAM-U Release	7 seconds	
7.3.1.2.2	Line 1 LAM-U Trigger Level	-10dbm	
7.6.1	Line 1 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.6.2	Line 1 Tone/Local	Tone	
7.6.3	Line 1 Crossmute	ON	
7.6.4	Line 1 Squelch	OFF	
7.6.5	Line 1 TX Monitor	OFF	
7.6.6	Line 1 RX AGC	ON	
7.6.7	Line 1 TX Enable	Enabled	
7.6.8	Line 1 Unselect Lock	Unlocked	
4.2.4	Line 2 2 or 4 Wire mode	4 wire	
4.2.5	Line 2 RX Impedance	600 ohms	
4.2.6	Line 2 TX Impedance	600 ohms	
4.3.3	Line 2 RX Input Level	0dbm	
7.3.1.2.1	Line 2 LAM-S Release	7 seconds	
7.3.1.2.2	Line 2 LAM-S Trigger Level	-10dbm	
7.3.1.2.1	Line 2 LAM-U Release	7 seconds	
7.3.1.2.2	Line 2 LAM-U Trigger Level	-10dbm	
7.6.1	Line 2 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.6.2	Line 2 Tone/Local	Tone	
7.6.3	Line 2 Crossmute	ON	
7.6.4	Line 2 Squelch	OFF	
7.6.5	Line 2 TX Monitor	OFF	
7.6.6	Line 2 RX AGC	ON	
7.6.7	Line 2 TX Enable	Enabled	
7.6.8	Line 2 Unselect Lock	Unlocked	
7.3.2.1.1	Desk Mic Gain	0dbm	
7.3.2.1.2	Handset Mic Gain	0dbm	
7.3.2.1.3	AUX input Gain	0dbm	
7.3.2.2.1	Min. SPKR level	0dbm	
7.3.2.3.1	TX Audio output level	0dbm	
7.4.3.1.1.1	DTMF output Level	0dbm	
7.4.3.1.1.2	DTMF Hold timer	500 msec	
7.4.3.1.1.3	DTMF Keypad Enable	Enabled	
7.4.3.1.1.4	DTMF Generates PTT	Enabled	
Section	Parameter	Default	Programmed
7.4.3.1.1.5	DTMF Select Call Timer	7 sec	
7.4.3.1.2.1	Guard/Func/Hold Levels	10/0/-20	
7.4.3.1.2.2	Guard/Hold Frequency	2175HZ	

7.4.3.1.2.3	Guard Duration	130msec	
7.4.3.1.2.3	Hold Duration	200msec	
7.4.4.2	TX Delay	0msec	
7.4.5.1	Unselect Audio Mute	OFF	
7.4.5.2	Duplex	Disabled	
7.4.6.1	Mic AGC	ON	
7.4.6.2	Handset Port	Disabled	
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F1		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F2		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F3		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F4		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F5		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F6		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F7		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F8		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F9		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F10		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F11		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F12		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F13		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F14		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F15		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L1-F16		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F1		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F2		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F3		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F4		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F5		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F6		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F7		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F8		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F9		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F10		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F11		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F12		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F13		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F14		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F15		
7.5.1.1	Alphanumeric L2-F16		
Section	Parameter	Default	Programmed
7.8.1	F1 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F1-A Frequency	1950HZ	
7.8.4	F1-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F2 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F2-A Frequency	1850HZ	
7.8.4	F2-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F3 Enable/Disable	Enable	

7.8.2	F3-A Frequency	1750HZ	
7.8.4	F3-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F4 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F4-A Frequency	1650HZ	
7.8.4	F4-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F5 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F5-A Frequency	1550HZ	
7.8.4	F5-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F6 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F6-A Frequency	1450HZ	
7.8.4	F6-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F7 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F7-A Frequency	1350HZ	
7.8.4	F7-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F8 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F8-A Frequency	1250HZ	
7.8.4	F8-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F9 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F9-A Frequency	1150HZ	
7.8.4	F9-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F10 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F10-A Frequency	1050HZ	
7.8.4	F10-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F11 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F11-A Frequency	1950HZ	
7.8.4	F11-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F12 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F12-A Frequency	1850HZ	
7.8.4	F12-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F13 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F13-A Frequency	1750HZ	
7.8.4	F13-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F14 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F14-A Frequency	1650HZ	
7.8.4	F14-A Duration	40 msec	
Section	Parameter	Default	Programmed
7.8.1	F15 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F15-A Frequency	1550HZ	
7.8.4	F15-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.1	F16 Enable/Disable	Enable	
7.8.2	F16-A Frequency	1450HZ	
7.8.4	F16-A Duration	40 msec	
7.8.5	Dual Function Tone mode	OFF	
7.9	Supervisor Enable	Disabled	
7.10	Mute Button MON/TIMED	Momentary	Momentary/Timed Sec
7.7.2	DTMF Incoming Select Call	Empty	
7.10	Alert Tone 1 Frequency	1000HZ	

7.10	Alert Tone 1 Level	0dbm	
7.10	Alert Tone 2 Frequency	1000HZ	
7.10	Alert Tone 2 Level	0dbm	
7.11.1	Monitor Tone Auto/Manual	Manual	
7.11.1.1	Monitor Frequency	2050HZ	
7.11.1.2	Monitor Duration	40 msec	
7.11.1.3	Monitor Level	0dbm	

8 Technical Documentation

8.1 C-2002 Main Board, P/N 879583

8.1.1 Schematic

8.1.2 Bill of Material, component layout

8.2 C-2002 Keypad Board, P.N. 879573

8.2.1 Schematic

8.2.2 Bill of Material, component layout

8.3 C-2002 Top Assembly, P.N. 879592

9 Warranty, Service, Repair, and Comments

Important! Be sure the exact return address and a description of the problem or work to be done are enclosed with your equipment.

Warranty (Limited)

All Telex Communications / Vega signaling products are guaranteed against malfunction due to defects in materials and workmanship for three years, beginning at the date of original purchase. If such a malfunction occurs, the product will be repaired or replaced (at our option) without charge during the three-year period, if delivered to the Telex factory. Warranty does not extend to damage due to improper repairs, finish or appearance items, or malfunction due to abuse or operation under other than the specified conditions, nor does it extend to incidental or consequential damages. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation may not apply to you. This warranty gives the customer specific legal rights, and there may be other rights which vary from state to state.

Factory Service Center

TELEX Communications, Inc.

Vega Signaling Products

8601 East Cornhusker Highway, Lincoln, Nebraska, 68507

Phone: (402) 465-7026 / (800) 752-7560 Fax: (402) 467-3279

E-mail: vega@telex.com, Web: www.vega-signaling.com

Claims

No liability will be accepted for damages directly or indirectly arising from the use of our materials or from any other causes. Our liability shall be expressly limited to replacement or repair of defective materials.

Suggestions or Comments

We'd appreciate your input. Please send us your suggestions or comments concerning this manual, by fax (402-467-3279) or e-mail them to: vega@telex.com

Visit our web site at www.vega-signaling.com

Technical Support:

email address: acttechsupport@us.telex.com

phone #: 1-800-898-6723

10 Specifications

<p>Front panel controls</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MONITOR • INTERCOM • PTT button • 16 digit DTMF keypad • Volume control • Parallel TX detect LED • Frequency Selection <p>Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Programmable Single or Dual function tones ➤ 2 or 4 wire per line (field Programmable) ➤ Up to 100 Function tones ➤ Simplex/full duplex (field Programmable) ➤ Parallel Update ➤ Alert tone ➤ 15 DTMF Memory Dials ➤ Programmable squelch control ➤ TX Monitor ➤ Supervised Control ➤ Crossmute (hardwire) ➤ TX and RX notch filters <p>Special features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ External PTT ◆ External Audio Input ◆ External DC input ◆ Data port for Cloning C-2002 to C-2002 ◆ External Speaker Output ◆ Panel Microphone ◆ Internal tuning via keypad 	<p>Three Simultaneous Microphones</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Handset/Headset, • Panel Microphone • Desk Microphone <p>Specifications</p> <p><i>Sequential tone line input and output impedance:</i> Two-Wire: 600, or 10K ohms, jumper selectable, transformer isolated,</p> <p>Four-Wire TX Line: 600 ohm, or 1Meg ohm, jumper selectable, transformer isolated,</p> <p>Four-Wire RX Line: 600 or 10K ohm jumper selectable, transformer isolated,</p> <p>Local Control keying: Relay rated at 1A at 125Vac, 3A at 40Vdc</p> <p>Line Input Level: -40 dBm to +10 dBm. Adjustable.</p> <p>Line Output Level: -20 dBm to +10 dBm into a 600-ohm line, adjustable (high-level guard tone only).</p> <p>Distortion: 3% maximum at full output.</p> <p>Hum and Noise: 50 dB below operating levels.</p> <p>Speaker (one): 3 in, 8 ohm, heavy-duty.</p> <p>Amplifier Power: 2W maximum at 3% THD into an 8 ohm load or equivalent.</p> <p>Optional Handset Earpiece Level: Adjustable level independent of speaker volume controls.</p> <p>Audio Frequency Response: $\pm 1.5\text{dB}$, 300 to 3000 Hz, except at the transmit tone notch frequency.</p> <p>Tone Frequencies: PTT/Guard 2175Hz or 2300Hz. The monitor and frequency function tones are programmable from 400Hz to 3000Hz at 50Hz increments. Accuracy ± 1 Hz.</p> <p>Operating Temperature Range: 0 to +70 degree C.</p> <p>Power Requirements: 117 Vac, 60Hz, 25W, or 12.0 Vdc at 1A maximum.</p> <p>Microphone Connection: Handset and Headset 4-wire; Desk uses 6-wire.</p> <p>Note: Specifications are subject to change with out notice.</p>
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